

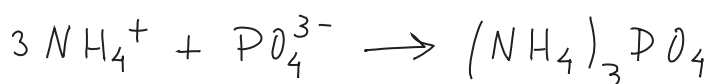
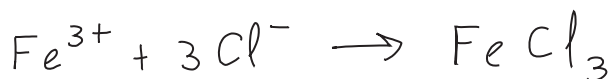
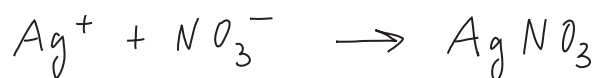
1 $V(\text{PTN}) = 4,48 \text{ dm}^3$

$$n(\text{NH}_3) = \frac{V}{V_m} = \frac{4,48 \text{ dm}^3}{22,4 \text{ dm}^3/\text{mol}} = 0,2 \text{ mol}$$

$$N(\text{NH}_3) = n \cdot N_A = 0,2 \text{ mol} \cdot 6,02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1} = \underline{\underline{1,2 \times 10^{23}}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} N(\text{N}) = N(\text{NH}_3) \\ N(\text{H}) = 3 N(\text{NH}_3) = \underline{\underline{3,6 \times 10^{23}}} \end{cases} \quad \text{OPÇÕES B, C}$$

2



OPÇÃO e

3

$$m(\text{N}_2) = 7,0 \text{ g}$$

$$N(\text{N}) = N(\text{O}) \Leftrightarrow 2 N(\text{N}_2) = 3 N(\text{O}_3) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$2 m(\text{N}_2) = 3 m(\text{O}_3) \Leftrightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{m(\text{N}_2)}{M(\text{N}_2)} = 3 \cdot \frac{m(\text{O}_3)}{M(\text{O}_3)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{m(\text{O}_3)}{m(\text{N}_2)} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{M(\text{O}_3)}{M(\text{N}_2)} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{A_r(\text{O})}{A_r(\text{N})} \Rightarrow$$

$$m(\text{O}_3) = \frac{A_r(\text{O})}{A_r(\text{N})} \times m(\text{N}_2) = \frac{16,0}{14,0} \times 7,0 \text{ g}$$

$$\underline{\underline{m(\text{O}_3) = 8,0 \text{ g}}}$$

OPÇÃO D

$$4 \quad m = 14,25 \text{ g } \text{NaNO}_3$$

$$V = 250 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\rho = 1,2 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$$

$$m_{\text{solução}} = \rho V = 1,2 \text{ g cm}^{-3} \times 250 \text{ cm}^3 = 300 \text{ g}$$

$$\therefore \% (m/m) = \frac{m_{\text{solute}}}{m_{\text{solução}}} \times 100 = \frac{14,25 \text{ g}}{300 \text{ g}} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{4,75\%}}$$

OPÇÃO E

$$5 \quad c_1 = [\text{NaCl}] = 0,05 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$$

$$V_1 = 200 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V_2 = 200 + 50 = 250 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$c_2 = [\text{NaCl}] = [\text{Na}^+] = [\text{Cl}^-] = ?$$

$$c_1 V_1 = c_2 V_2 \Leftrightarrow c_2 = \frac{V_1}{V_2} c_1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow c_2 = \frac{200 \text{ cm}^3}{250 \text{ cm}^3} \times 0,05 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} = 0,04 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$$

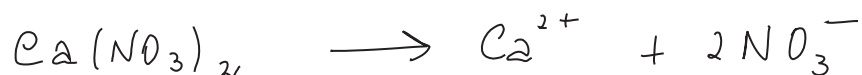
$$\therefore m(\text{Na}^+) = m(\text{Cl}^-) = 0,04 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \times 0,100 \text{ dm}^3 = 0,004 \text{ mol}$$

$$\therefore m(\text{Na}^+) = 0,004 \text{ mol} \times 23,0 \text{ g/mol} = \underline{\underline{0,092 \text{ g}}}$$

$$m(\text{Cl}^-) = 0,004 \text{ mol} \times 35,5 \text{ g/mol} = \underline{\underline{0,14 \text{ g}}}$$

OPÇÃO E

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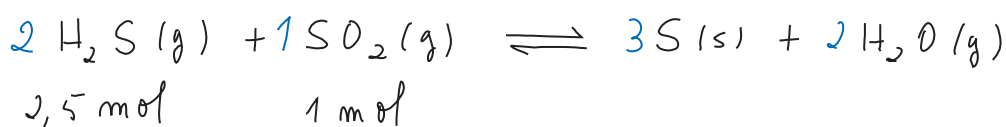
$$n(\text{NO}_3^-) = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{6,2 \text{ g}}{62 \text{ g/mol}} = 0,10 \text{ mol}$$

$$n(\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2) = \frac{0,10 \text{ mol}}{2} = 0,050 \text{ mol}$$

$$\therefore [\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2] = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{0,050 \text{ mol}}{0,250 \text{ dm}^3} = \underline{\underline{0,20 \text{ mol/dm}^3}}$$

OPÇÃO C

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O reagente limitante é o SO_2 dado $\frac{2,5}{2} > \frac{1}{1}$ donde, pela estequiometria, no máximo obter-se-ia 3 mol de S.

OPÇÃO B

8

$$m_{\text{carvão}} = 120 \text{ g} \quad \eta = 40\%$$

$$m(\text{CO}_2) = 138 \text{ g}$$

$$n(\text{C}) = n(\text{CO}_2) \Leftrightarrow \frac{m(\text{C})}{M(\text{C})} = \frac{m(\text{CO}_2)}{M(\text{CO}_2)} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m(\text{C}) = \frac{12,0 \text{ g/mol}}{44,0 \text{ g/mol}} \times 138 \text{ g} = 37,6 \text{ g}$$

$$\eta = \frac{m_R}{m_T} \Rightarrow m_T = \frac{m_R}{\eta} = \frac{37,6 \text{ g}}{0,40} = 94,1 \text{ g}$$

$$\therefore \%(\text{C}) = \frac{94,1}{120} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{78,4\%}}$$

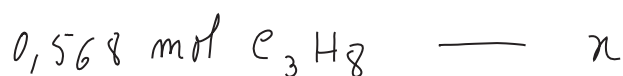
OPÇÃO A

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$$V(CO_2) = 33,6 \text{ dm}^3 \Rightarrow n(CO_2) = \frac{V}{V_m} = \frac{33,6}{22,4} = 1,5 \text{ mol}$$

$$m(C_3H_8) = 25,0 \text{ g} \Rightarrow n(C_3H_8) = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{25,0}{44,0} = 0,568 \text{ mol}$$



=>

$$\Rightarrow x = 1,704 \text{ mol } CO_2$$

$$\therefore \eta = \frac{n_R}{n_T} \times 100 = \frac{1,5}{1,704} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{88\%}}$$

OPÇÃO E

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$$E^\circ(Cd^{2+}/Cd) = -0,40 \text{ V}$$

$$E^\circ(Zn^{2+}/Zn) = -0,76 \text{ V}$$

$$\therefore E^\circ(Cd^{2+}/Cd) > E^\circ(Zn^{2+}/Zn) \Rightarrow$$

Podm Oxidante $Cd^{2+} >$ Podm Oxidante Zn^{2+} ou

Podm Redutor $Cd <$ Podm Redutor Zn

OPÇÕES A, B

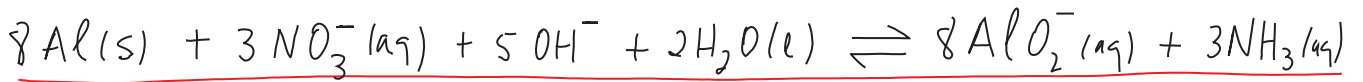
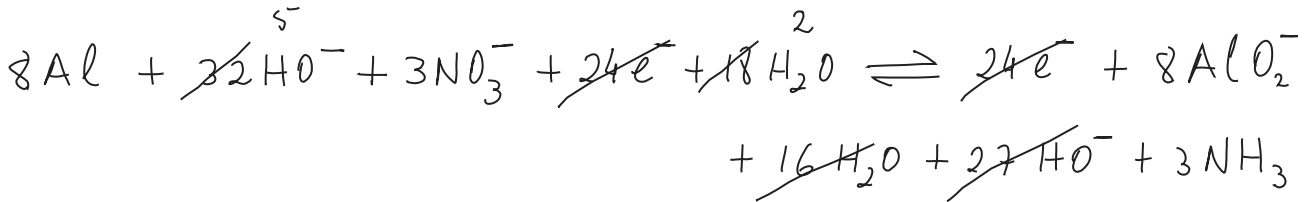
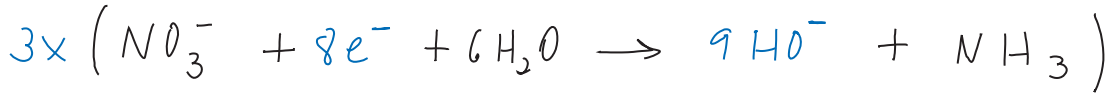
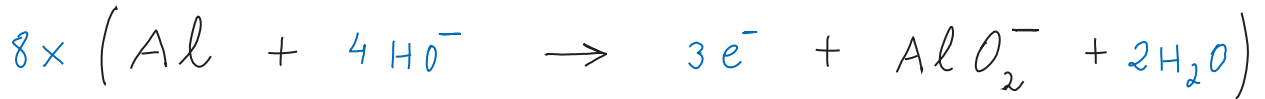
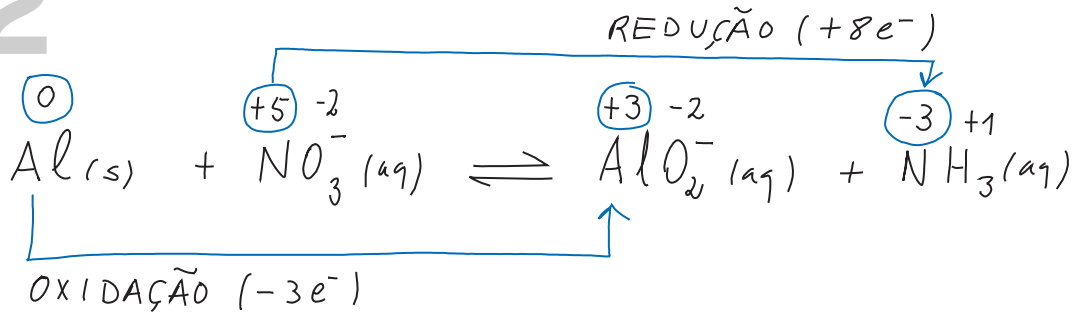
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Podm Oxidante $Cu^{2+} >$ Podm Oxidante Ni^{2+}

Podm Redutor $Ni >$ Podm Redutor Cu

OPÇÃO D

12



Agente Oxidante — NO_3^-

Agente Redutor — Al

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